

## Pet First Aid & Disaster Response Post-Test

- 1. Which of the following reflects the actions of an aggressive dog?
  - A. Crouches with its head down
  - B. Lays on back and reveals stomach
  - C. Tail down or tucked
  - D. Body and tail stiff
- 2. To restrain a standing dog:
  - A. Kneel facing the animal eye to eye.
  - B. Place one arm around the animal's neck; the other arm under the stomach.
  - C. Hold the animal as tightly as possible, regardless of injuries.
  - D. Place both arms under the animal's stomach.
- 3. Which of the following animals can be muzzled?
  - A. Dog with a head or facial injury
  - B. Cat that is having difficulty breathing
  - C. Dog that is vomiting
  - D. Cat with a leg injury
- 4. Which of the following is true of animal bites and possible rabies?
  - A. The animal must be quarantined for 10 days.
  - B. The disease is rarely fatal.
  - C. Testing involves urine sampling only.
  - D. Vaccinations involve a series of 8 shots given over 30 days.
- 5. Which of the following indicates a normal vital sign in a dog or cat?
  - A. Breathing rate of 24 times per minute
  - B. Temperature of 98.6°F
  - C. Pulse of 180 beats per minute
  - D. Bluish colored mucous membranes

- 6. An animal experiencing shock due to illness or injury will have this symptom:
  - A. Decreased heart rate
  - B. Increased breathing rate
  - C. Increased temperature
  - D. Increased activity level
- 7. Which of the following is true regarding breaking up fighting animals?
  - A. Shout loudly to get the attention of the animals.
  - B. Strike the animals with your hand.
  - C. Spray water (e.g., water bottle or hose) in the animals' faces.
  - D. Use pepper spray.
- 8. To control bleeding from an open wound on a dog or cat:
  - A. Clean out all wounds thoroughly.
  - B. Apply a tourniquet to stop all blood flow.
  - C. Apply direct pressure over the wound.
  - D. Remove blood-soaked bandages and replace with new ones.
- 9. Which of the following is true when traveling with pets such as dogs and cats?
  - A. Pet containers should be secure and well ventilated.
  - B. Travel with current health documents including registrations, vaccinations, and veterinarian contact information.
  - C. The pet should be wearing a collar with identification and contact information.
  - D. All of the above
- 10. Which of the following steps is correct when performing CPR on a dog or cat?
  - A. Lay the animal on its right side.
  - B. Give 10 chest compressions in 20 seconds.
  - C. Give 2 breaths after each set of compressions
  - D. Give 2 to 4 abdominal squeezes after each breath.
- 11. Which of the following steps is correct when caring for a choking dog?
  - A. Give 15 chest compressions for a conscious dog.
  - B. Give 4 to 5 abdominal thrusts (Heimlich maneuver) for a conscious dog.
  - C. Give 8 to 10 back blows for an unconscious dog.
  - D. There is no need for veterinarian attention once you are able to remove the object.

- 12. Which of the following is not dangerous for pets?
  - A. Homemade bread
  - B. Ibuprofen
  - C. Chocolate
  - D. Azaleas
- 13. Which of the following is true regarding pet disaster response?
  - A. All disaster shelters for humans will also take pets.
  - B. A quart of fresh water per day is recommended for pets such as dogs and cats.
  - C. You can assemble a pet disaster kit in just minutes before you have to evacuate.
  - D. A disaster kit should contain at least 3 days supply of food for your pet.
- 14. Which of the following is a mistake that owners commonly make that contributes to pet emergency situations?
  - A. Owners wait too long to take their pet to a veterinarian for a problem.
  - B. Owners do not administer prescribed medications properly.
  - C. Owners fail to provide obedience training for their pet.
  - D. All of the above
- 15. Which of the following is true of the medical condition known as bloat?
  - A. It occurs most often in kittens or puppies.
  - B. It is a non-life-threatening condition.
  - C. It is associated with eating or drinking a large amount and then exercising.
  - D. The most common symptom is gnawing or licking the paws.
- 16. Which of the following is NOT a proper step to care for an animal with a bee sting?
  - A. Provide acetaminophen for pain.
  - B. Apply a baking soda paste.
  - C. Apply a cold compress.
  - D. Remove the stinger by scraping it out.

- 17. Which of the following is true regarding hypothermia or frostbite affecting an animal?
  - A. Frostbitten skin will appear red in color.
  - B. Shivering and drowsiness are signs of hypothermia.
  - C. Rewarm an animal experiencing hypothermia by placing the animal in hot water such as a bathtub, shower, or hot tub.
  - D. There is little a veterinarian can do for a frostbitten animal that you cannot do yourself.
- 18. Which of the following statements is true of extreme heat and animals?
  - A. Animals cannot get sunburned and do not need sunscreen.
  - B. If you suspect heatstroke, immerse the animal in a bath tub of cold water and ice.
  - C. Pavement that is too hot for your bare feet will not necessarily be too hot for a dog's feet.
  - D. Excessive panting is a symptom of heatstroke in dogs and cats.
- 19. Which of the following is true of animal bites?
  - A. About 1 million people are bitten by animals in the United States each year.
  - B. Most biting dogs belong to people the victim does not know.
  - C. Most bites happen at home.
  - D. Cat bites rarely get infected.
- 20. Which of the following statements is true regarding disaster preparation for your pet?
  - A. Pets should have their own disaster kit and evacuation plan.
  - B. Animals left behind when owners evacuate will be fine.
  - C. Local veterinarians are normally able to board pets when you evacuate.
  - D. In most cases evacuees will know how long they expect to be away.
- 21. The Law Enforcement K9 Protocols are for:
  - A. All pets
  - B. Cats
  - C. Dogs
  - D. Police K9s only

22. All	police K9s should be	before	handling

- A. Sedated with versed
- B. Sedated with fentanyl
- C. Restrained for safety
- D. Muzzled

## 23. To relieve chocking in a dog:

- A. Do abdominal thrust while opening mouth
- B. Push on the dogs throat and push up on the object
- C. Do not attempt a procedure
- D. Open the airway by extending the head and neck, pull the tongue forward. A second rescuer should use gauze/leash looped behind upper canine teeth to keep the mouth open. Use a second length gauze/leash for the lower jaw, as well. If visible, manually remove object.

## 24. In cardiac arrest you should perform:

- A. 1 breath every 10 compressions
- B. 2 breaths every 15 compressions
- C. 1 breath every 30 compressions
- D. 2 breaths every 20 compressions